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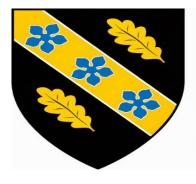
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UNIVERSITY OF WALES Trinity Saint David



### **UWTSD Research Seminar**

**Dr Nagham Saeed** 

Senior Lecturer in Electrical Engineering School of Computing and Engineering

Email: Nagham.Saeed@uwl.ac.uk

SENLOCDA





## **Presentation layout**

- About UWL
- WinSTEM group and WiEEE society
- SENLOCDA Research Group.
- My research background
- My current research
- My research interests.

## **About UWL**



The University of West London is ranked as the **top modern university**\* in **London**, 8<sup>th</sup> **modern university**\* in the UK and ranked as the 59th university nationally by the Guardian University Guide 2019.

**98%** of our graduates are in employment or further study within six months of graduation\*\* and they achieve the second highest starting salaries of all the London modern universities.



St. Mary Campus

Modern universities are defined as higher education institutions that were granted university status in, and subsequent to, 1992. UWL received the rankings listed above when compared to all other modern universities ranked in the guides / surveys cited.

\*\* These are the latest figures according to Employment Performance Indicators (EPI) released by the Higher Education Statistics Agency HESA in 2018.



### St. Mary Campus Heart Space



## WinSTEM Group

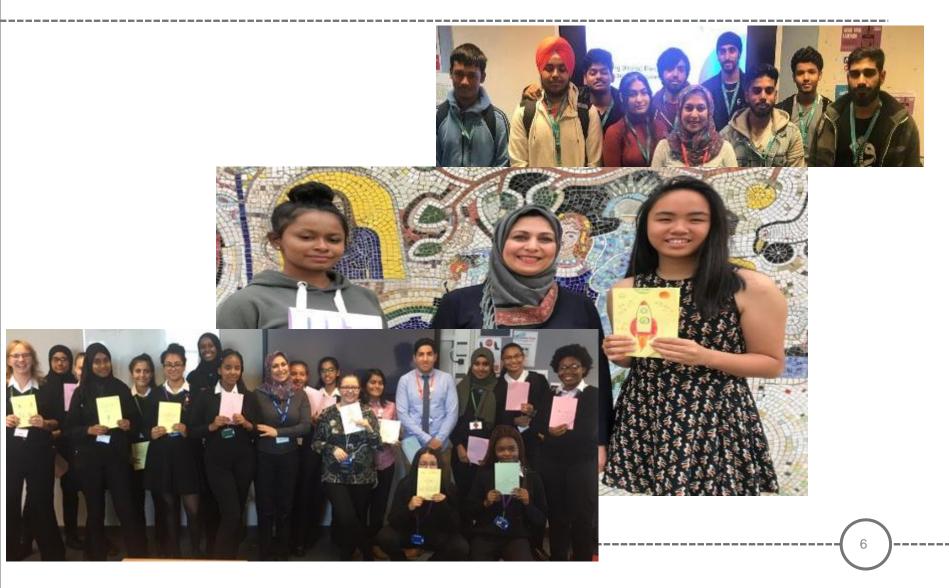




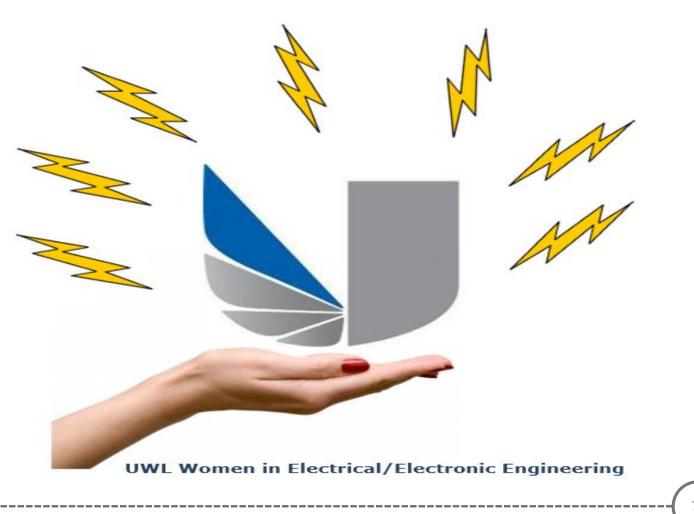
WInSTEM is a group of academics in the School of Computing and Engineering at UWL. We have a passion for encouraging women and girls to pursue careers in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM), and particularly our own specialist areas of engineering and technology.

## Taking inspiring WinSTEM message into local schools and Colleges





### UWL Women in Electrical/ Electronic Engineering



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ONDON



## **SENLOCDA Research Group**

## Aim

### Sensing, Localisation & Contextual Data Analytics for Smart Industrial Services

### SENLOCDA for Smart Industrial Services



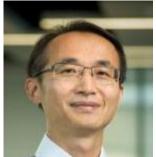
### SENLOCDA research group members







Professor Xinheng (Henry) Wang Professor of Computing



Dr Wei Jie Associate Professor in Computing



Dr Massoud Zolgharni Senior Lecturer in Computer Vision



Dr Kourosh Behzadian Senior Lecturer in Civil Engineering

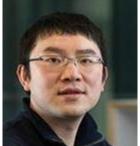


Dr Nagham Saeed Senior Lecturer in Electrical



Dr Ying Zhang Senior Lecturer in Computer Science





Dr Chekfoung Tan Lecturer in Applied Project Management Cyber Security

## **Smart Trolley by Henry Wang**



Smart trolley is an **integrated platform** to provide smart services to passengers and airport operators. Its services are supported by following underlying technologies: indoor localisation and navigation, IoT, cloud computing, big data analytics, artificial intelligence, and batch charging of the trolleys.



### Service provided

- Indoor positioning
- Entertainment programmes
- Boarding reminder
- Charging mobile devices
- Shopping



### **Smart Trolley in Airport**



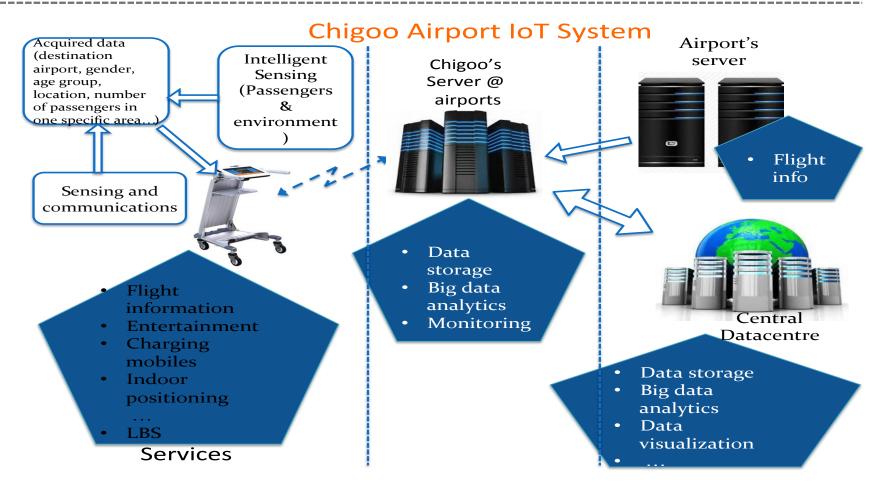


## **Smart Trolley in Action**

### cTrolley™



## Smart Trolley's Underlying **WEST LONDON** Technologies: **Cloud, IoT and LBS**





## **Research Background – IMAN**

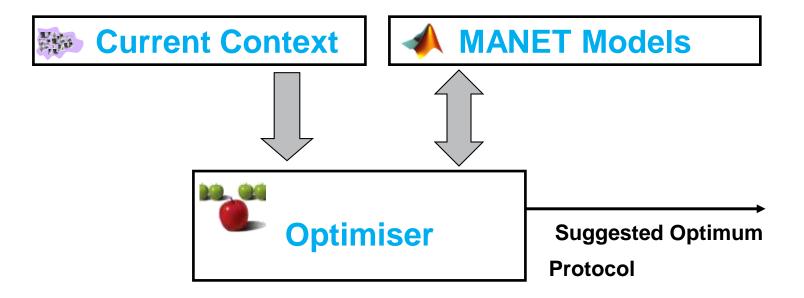
### **Motivations :**

- Achieved **better communication** with Mobile Ad Hoc Network.
- Analyse MANET routing protocols performance in different contexts
  - **No** optimum routing protocol can handle all expected network contexts changes without the network performance been degraded.
  - Each identified routing protocol addresses the objectives of its development.
  - During a MANET life cycle, only **one routing protocol** can be utilised.

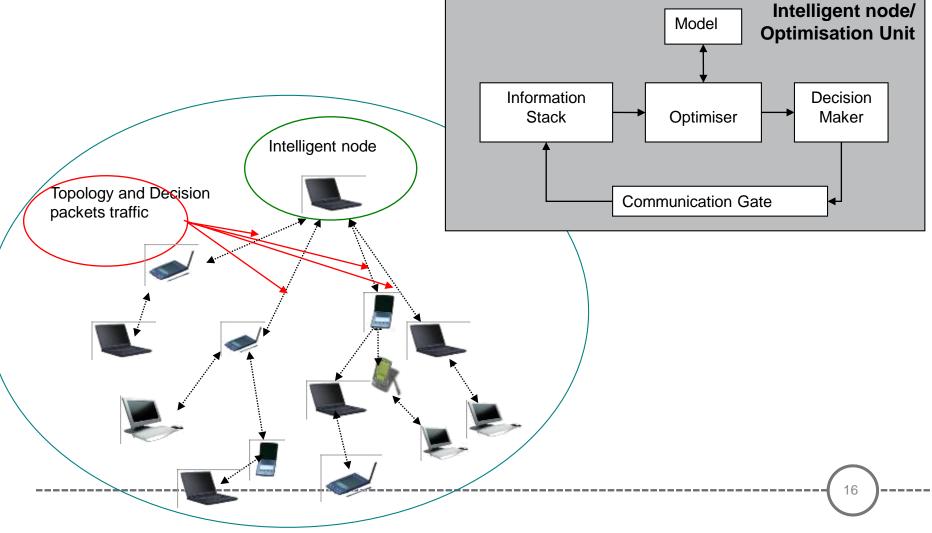
### Main Research Aim :

- Study the communication challenges in Mobile Ad Hoc Network (MANET) .
- Design and Simulate an adaptive system that learns from past experiences. Intelligent MANET Routing Protocols Optimization System that selects the most optimum routing protocol based on current network context.

### IMAN UNIVERSITY OF WEST LONDON The Career University (Intelligent Mobile Ad Hoc Network)



## Intelligent Node in UNIVERSITY OF WEST LONDON MANET

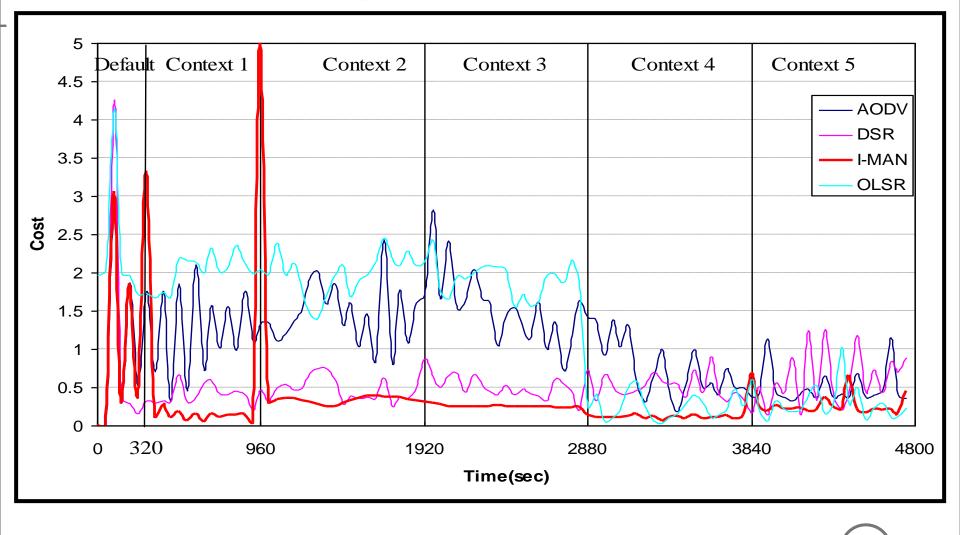




### **Table 1 I-MAN Optimal Selection**

Case	Previous routing protocol	Time (sec)	Current Context		Optimal settings
			No. of nodes	Mobility (m/s)	I-MAN protocol
default		0-320	16	4	AODV
1	AODV	320-960	16	4	DSR
2	DSR	960-1920	55	4	OLSR
3	OLSR	1920-2880	55	9	OLSR
4	OLSR	2880-3840	21	9	DSR
5	DSR	3840-4800	21	17	AODV

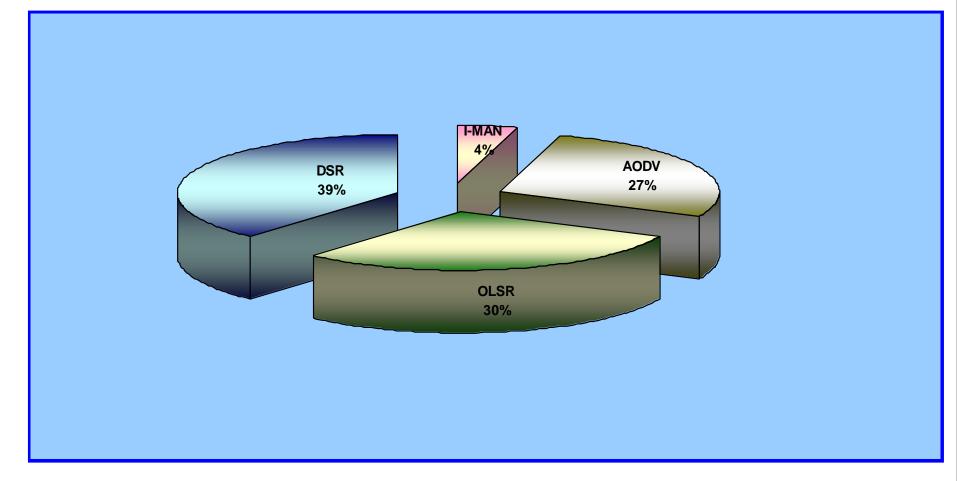
## **Cost Comparison**



Cost = data drop + delay + load + R.A. + (1-Throughput)







## **Current research**



### 1. IoT Intelligent Supervision System in Oil Pipelines Grid

### **Motivations :**

- Appreciate the oil pipelines transmission process through visual simulation from source to destination.
- Provide visual monitoring system for the transportation process.
- Reduce the waste in resources.
- Evaluate and analyse the parameters affecting oil pipelines transmission grid.
- Enhance the security of the oil transportation process. The project aims to involve the latest technologies and minimise reliance on the human workforce.

### Main Research Aim :

**Design and simulate** a user-friendly Intelligent control and monitoring system for oil pipelines grid to decrease environmental and financial losses whilst achieving better communication.

The main factors of improvement can be: better quality of service, reduced losses in products and resources (such as equipment, devices and manpower) and reduced damage to the environment.



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### Why Supervision System in Oil Pipelines Grid?

- The **security** of oil transportation through pipeline grids is a high priority.
- For example, after 2003, the Iraqi government was no longer able to provide sufficient security. One of the areas most affected were the oil pipelines. The unsecure conditions created a golden opportunity for oil theft and intrusion.



Oil stealing point discovered after one year in Karbala province 2015



## Bombed pipelines near the water supply, river Tigris



### **Tigris oil spill pollutes Iraq's water supply 2014**

# Why Internet of Things and Artificial Intelligence?



- The **reliability** of IoT allows the user to gain useful data to satisfy the needs, analyse health, gain the direction, achieve better communication and have a higher accuracy percentage. In this research, the Internet of things were the **pressure and volume** sensors near the valves and pumps.
- Nowadays, AI has proven its effectiveness in many disciplines and therefore Neuro-Fuzzy (NF) will be used as the prediction tool in the system.
- The project proposed to blend Internet of Things (IoT) with artificial intelligence (AI) to create a knowledge-based system to monitor and supervise oil transportation through the pipeline grid.
- Apply an **IoT intelligent system** in oil pipeline transportation grids to decrease environmental and financial losses whilst achieving better communication.



## **Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System Stages**

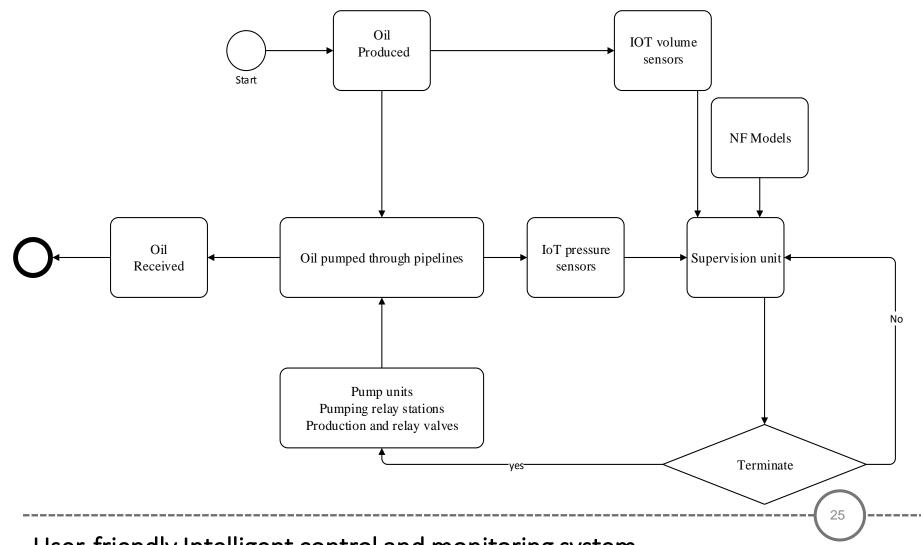
- Three stages are proposed to develop the final simulated supervision system, they are:
- stage one; Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System
- stage two; Hierarchy Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System
- stage three; IoT Hierarchy Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System.
- The first phase showed **promising** results, while work will continue with the other two phases.



An Iraqi oil refinery worker fixes a small leak in the Iraqi-Turkish oil pipeline in Kirkuk

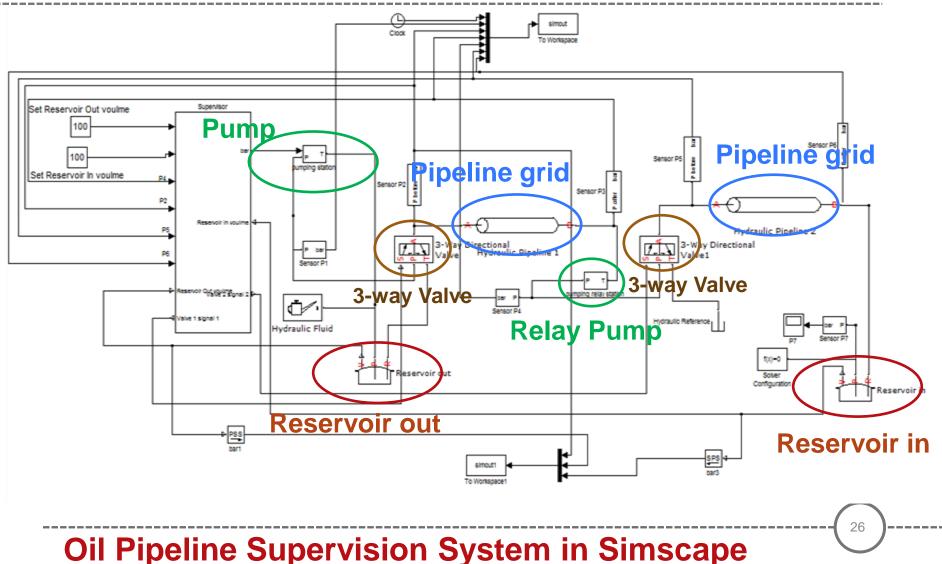
# Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System

NDON



User-friendly Intelligent control and monitoring system

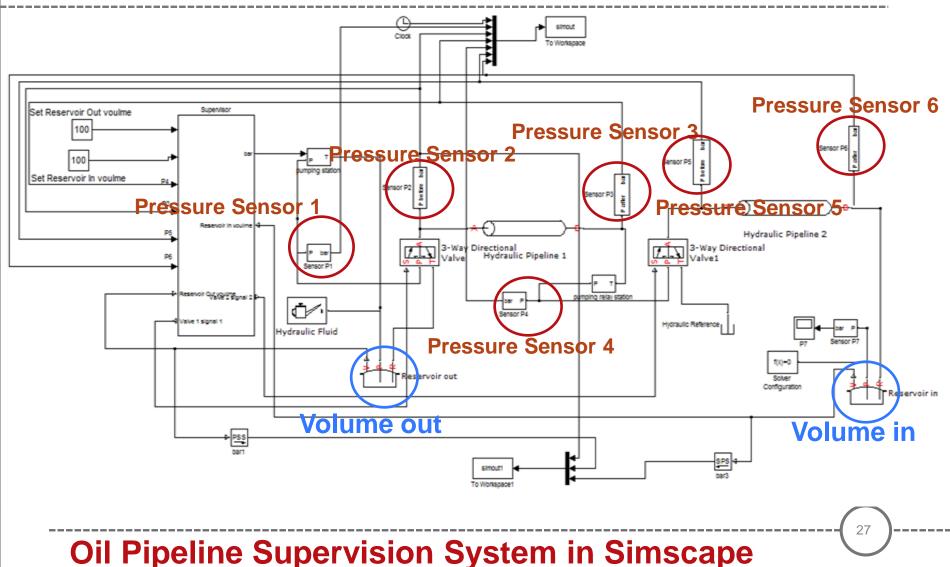
# Stage One: No. Stage One: Process (Physical Subsystems)



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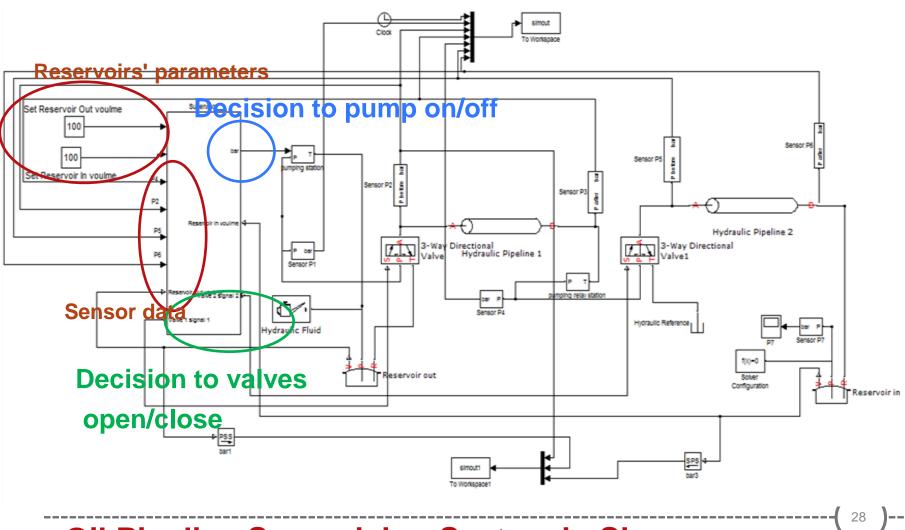


### **Stage One: Sensors**





## **Stage One: Control System**



**Oil Pipeline Supervision System in Simscape** 

### **Simulation Setting**



#### Table 1. Normal condition simulation parameters

\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

Simulation parameters							
Reservoir out	Vol <sub>out</sub> (set) 100 m <sup>3</sup>						
	$Vol_{out}(initial) = 200 \text{ m}^3$						
	Pressurization level = 0						
	Return line diameter = 0.02 m						
	Pressure loss coefficient in return						
	line = $1$						
Reservoir in	$Vol_{in}(set) = 100 m^3$						
	$Vol_{in}(initial) = 0.02 m^3$						
	Pressurization level = $0$						
	Return line diameter = 0.02 m						
	Pressure loss coefficient in return						
Dumm station	line = 1						
Pump station	Pump displacement = 5E-6 m <sup>3</sup> /rad Volumetric efficiency = 0.92						
	Total efficiency = $0.92$						
	Nominal pressure =10 MPa						
	Nominal angular velocity = $188$						
	rad/sec						
	Nominal kinematics viscosity =18						
	cSt						
pipeline	Pipe cross section type = circular						
	Pipe internal diameter = $0.1 \text{ m}$						
	Geometrical shape factor = 64						
	Length = 20 km						
	Aggregate equivalent of local						
	resistance = 1 m						
	Internal surface roughness height=						
	1.5E-05 m						
	Laminar flow upper margin = 2000						
	Turbulent flow lower margin = $4000$						
	Pipe wall type = Rigid						
Hydraulic valves	Specific heat ratio = 1.4 Model parameterization = By						
Hyuraune valves	maximum area and opening						
	Valve passage maximum area =						
	$0.05 \text{ m}^2$						
	Valve maximum opening = $0.5 \text{ m}$						
	Flow discharge coefficient = $0.7$						
	Orifice P-A initial opening = $0 \text{ m}$						
	Orifice A-T initial opening = $0 \text{ m}$						
	Critical Reynolds number = 12						
	Leakage area = 1E-12 m <sup>2</sup>						
Simulation time	8226 sec						

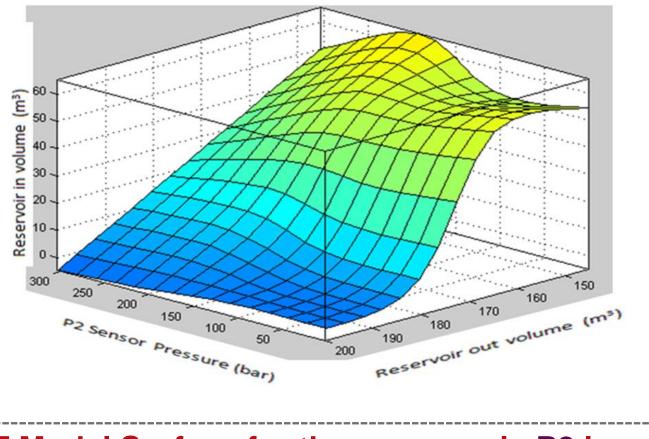
#### Table 3. Scenario A simulation parameters

Reservoir	Volume Set (m3)	initial volume (m3)
Reservoir Out	Vol <sub>out</sub> (set) = 100	Vol <sub>out</sub> (initial) = 200
Reservoir in	$Vol_{in}$ (set) = 50	Vol <sub>in</sub> (initial) = 0.02



## NF model

Various simulation data were used to create this model which will be the prediction tool for the supervision system.

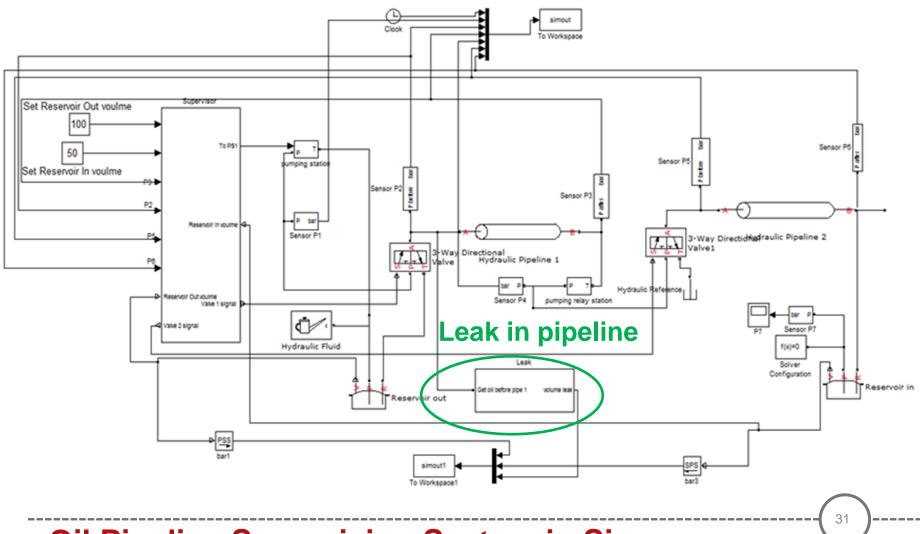


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3D NF Model Surface for the pressure in P2 location



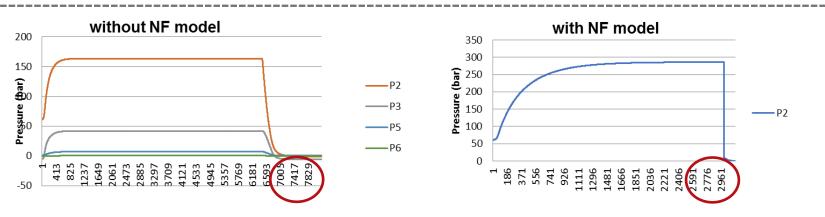
### **Stage One: Test**



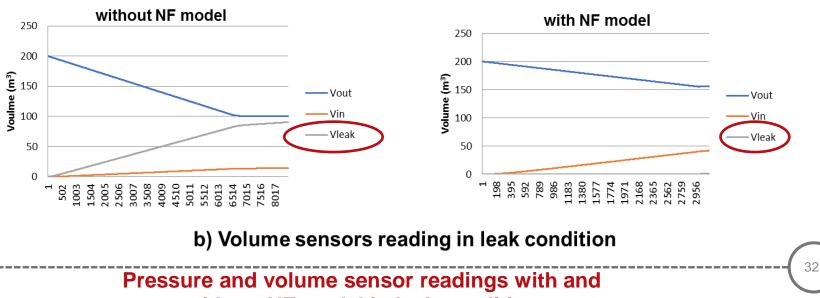
**Oil Pipeline Supervision System in Simscape** 

### **Stage One Results**



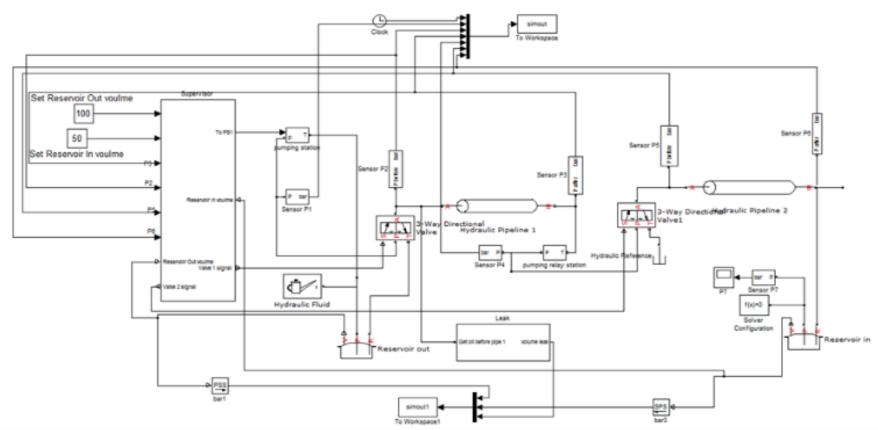


a) Pressure sensors readings in leak condition

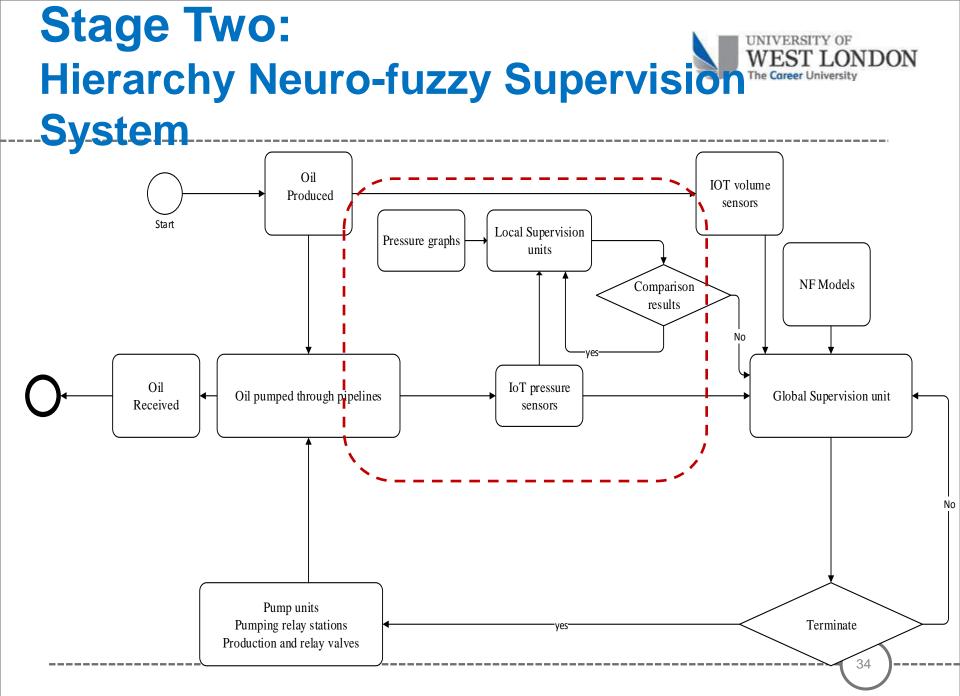


without NF model in leak condition

### Simulation in Simscape Software UNIVERSITY OF WEST LONDON The Career University Package



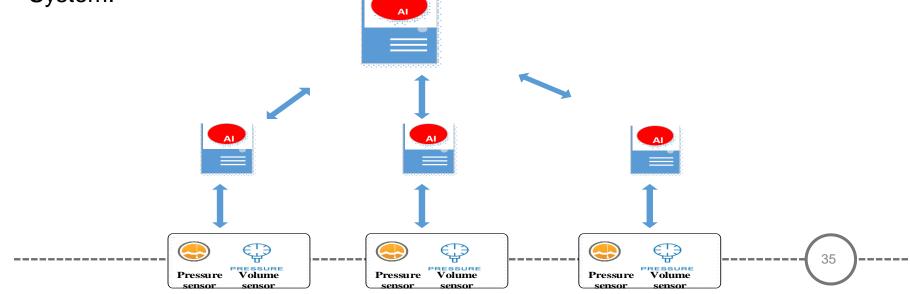
Nagham H. Saeed and Maysam F. Abbod, "Modelling Oil Pipelines Grid: Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System", *International Journal of Intelligent Systems and Applications (IJISA)*, Vol.9, No.10, pp.1-11, 2017. DOI: 10.5815/ijisa.2017.10.01.



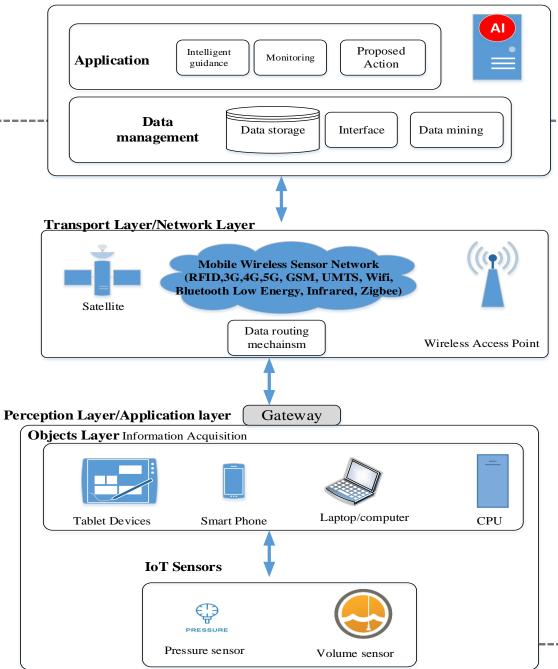


## **Stage Two: Hierarchy Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System**

- By adding Local Supervision System units near to the sensors, it is expected it will reduce unnecessary communication traffic between the Global Supervision system and the process sensors.
- Decentralising will reduce the load on the Global System and will mean a reduced impact if a single point of failure (SPOF) occurs in the Global System.



#### **Application Service Layer**

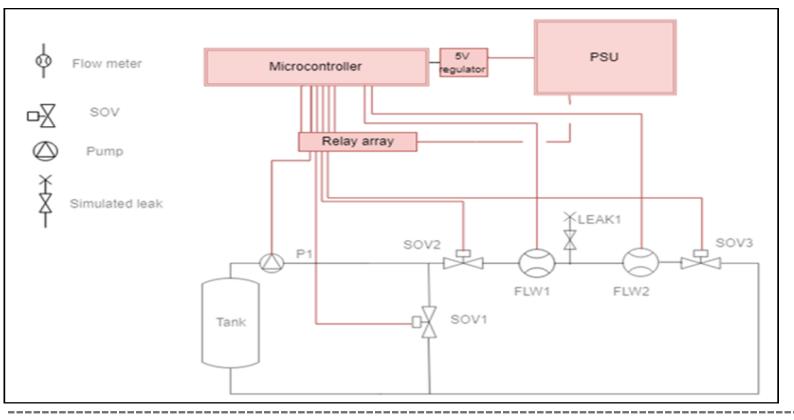




Stage three; IoT Hierarchy Neuro-fuzzy Supervision System

# Monitoring and Controlling Water Pipelines in Buildings



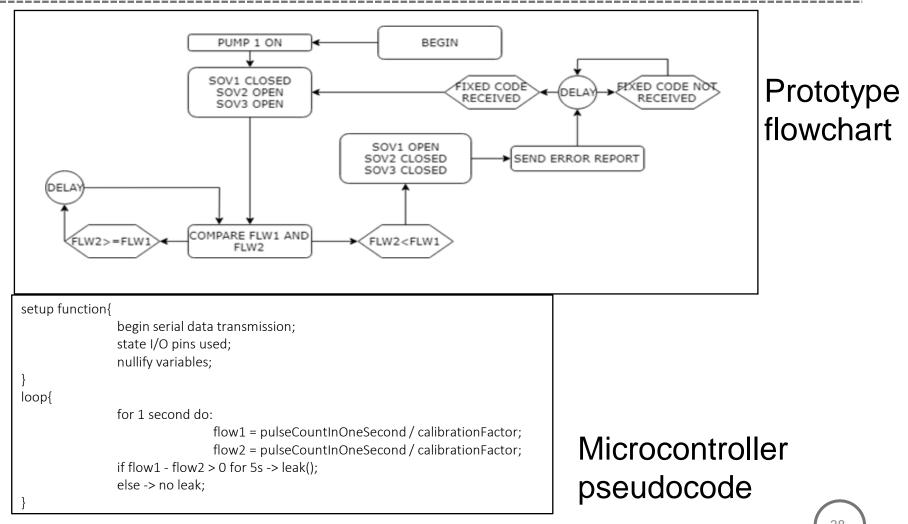


Proposed prototype solution block diagram

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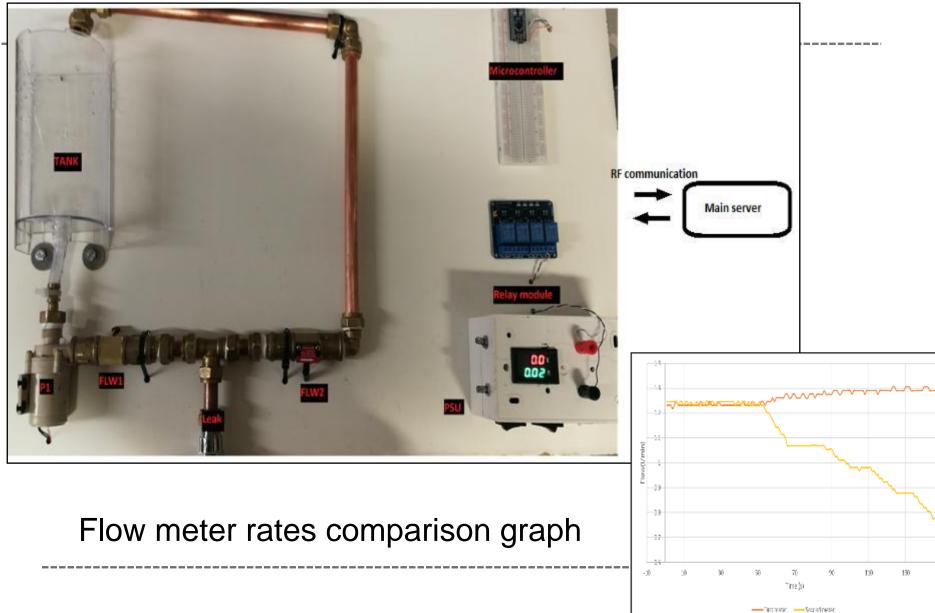
# Monitoring and Controlling Water Pipelines in Buildings





#### Implementation in Progress of Leak Detection System





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#### Publication

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SUBMIT PAPER

#### Collaboratecom2019

Full Paper Submission deadline 31 March 2019



## **CollaborateCom 2019 international conference**

#### To be held in August

#### **KEYNOTES**

- Niki Trigoni a Professor at Oxford University Department of Computer Science and fellow of Kellogg College.
- Professor Tasos Dagiuklas is the leader of the Smart Internet Technologies (SuITE) research group at the London South Bank University where he also acts as the Head of Division in Computer Science. Tasos has 10+ EU projects and received funding of £7+ million,
- Mr Jun Xu is Vice President of Huawei Cloud Division, before he was Vice President of Huawei Enterprise USA in that role.



# **EnAppsloT Workshop**

#### Aim

Bring together practitioners and researchers from both academia and industry in order to have a forum for discussion and technical presentations on the recent advances in application and implementation of the Internet of Things in Engineering. Researchers are invited to submit their state-of-art work to address the IoT challenges in Engineering application and showcase achievements in the field.

#### **Topics of interest include, but are not limited to:**

- Engineering Applications, including: Smart Grid/Smart Metering; surveillance and Intelligent Transportation Systems.
- Smart House/Neighborhood/City, including: Mobility management, Context awareness, Sustainable design and Industrial use cases showing gaps to be filled by future research

# **Current research**



### 2. Effective Cardiology Diagnostic learning framework for human electrocardiograms (ECGs) readings Motivations :

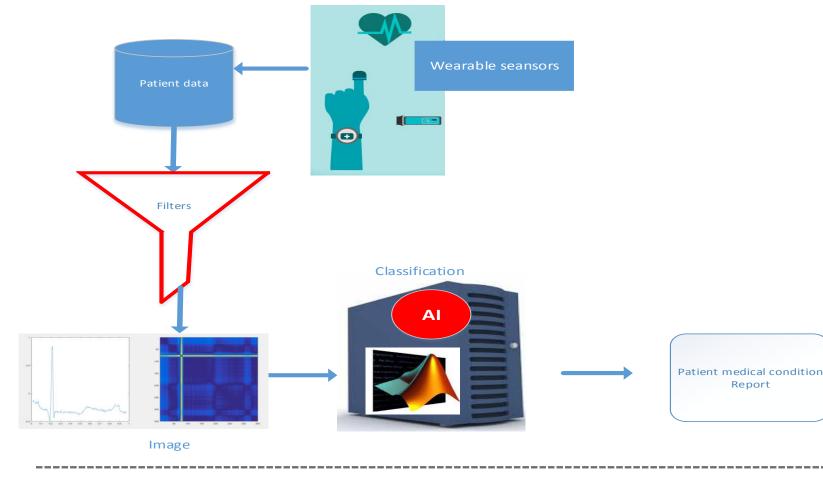
- Globally, cardiovascular conditions are the most common cause of death.
- To **reduce diagnostic and therapeutic errors** that are inevitable in human clinical practice.
- To **improve healthcare quality and outcomes** and providing affordable care in health sector (e.g. NHS).
- To eliminate inefficiencies that leads to cost-saving

#### Main Research Aim :

Establish and test a diagnostic framework based on Patients Electrocardiograms (ECGs) Readings. The Cardiology framework is a deep learning system based on big data analysticss (patient records) and classification

# 2. Deep learning Diagnostic Procedure of for Electrocardiograms (ECGs)

## Readings



# **Current research**



# 3. Assessment in Education

#### **Motivation:**

- Improve students' engagement in their modules, and hence improve the overall quality of their attempt at summative assessment, by using a range of feed-forward techniques.
- Encourage moving from feedback to feed-forward. The end of module feedback given to students is difficult to feed-forward into future assessment

#### Main Research Aim :

The aim is to **evaluative mechanisms and methods** to assess the effectiveness of feed-forward within assessment intervention.

# **Research interest**



## 4. Renewable Energy Management System

#### **Motivations :**

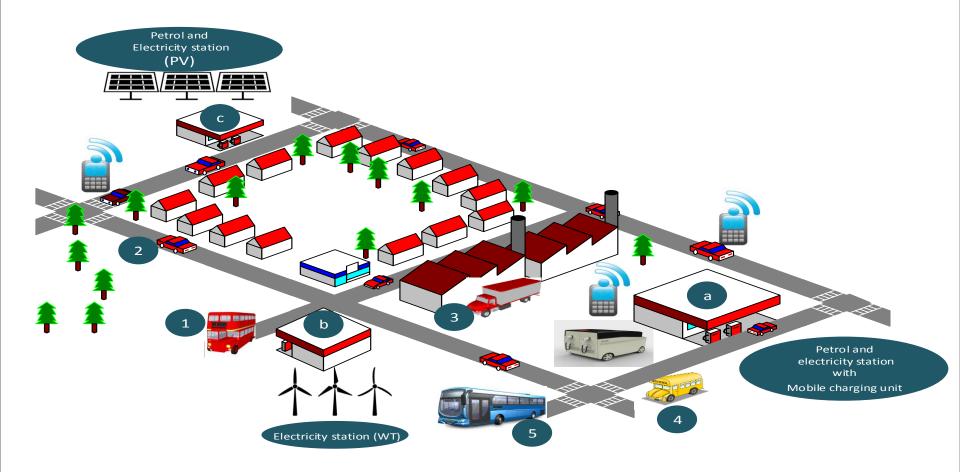
- **Better quality of service** in Micro Grid (MG) electricity stations. will optimize the electrical vehicle (EV) user time and decide the optimize solution for the driver according of his needs.
- Another step forward to create smart city
- Efficient management system for EV will encourage more people to own one before 2040.

#### Main Research objectives :

**Design and create a management system** for the renewable energy in MG electricity stations with the Support of Artificial Intelligence and Internet of Things (IoT).



## **Renewable Energy for Electricity Stations in Micro Grid**





# Thank you for listening Any Questions?